

# Elements of Deductive Logic

## *Exercise set #3: Tableaux for Sentential Logic*

Jake Chandler \*

### 1 Tautologies and contradictions

Using the tableaux method, determine of each of the following wfs's whether it is a tautology, a contradiction or a contingency:

- (a)  $((p \equiv q) \& \sim p) \supset \sim q$
- (b)  $(p \supset q) \supset (q \supset p)$
- (c)  $(\sim(p \vee q) \equiv (\sim p \& \sim q))$
- (d)  $((p \& \sim p) \supset q)$

### 2 Validity

Use the tableaux method to check for validity. For each invalid argument, if any, indicate a truth assignment that makes its premises true and conclusion false.

- (a)  $(p \equiv (q \& r)), (q \supset r), q$ , therefore,  $p$ .
- (b)  $p \vee (q \& s), r \supset \sim p$ , therefore  $(r \supset q) \& (r \supset s)$
- (c)  $p \supset q, p \supset s$ , therefore  $\sim s \supset \sim q$
- (d)  $(p \& q) \equiv r, p \equiv \sim q$ , therefore  $\sim r$

---

\*Center for Logic and Analytic Philosophy, HIW, KU Leuven, Kardinaal Mercierplein 2, 3000 Leuven, Belgium